New Source Review Offsets in California





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New Source Review

- Preconstruction permit program governing new and modified (expanding) stationary sources in nonattainment areas
- Applies to most areas in California, especially heavily populated areas

New Source Review: Why Do We Have Offsets?

- Two major elements of NSR
 - **◆BACT**
 - ◆ Offsets
- Offsets designed to balance new emission increases with emission decreases from existing sources
- Allows industrial growth in areas that do not attain air quality standards

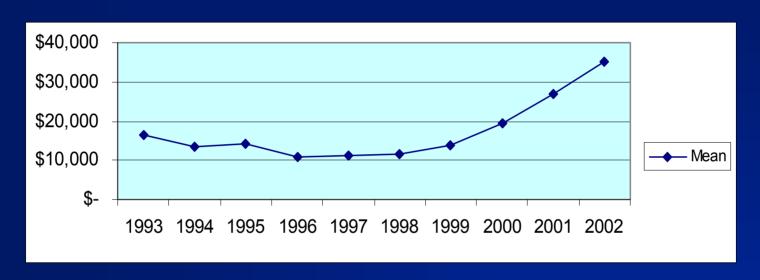
Federal and State Offset Requirements How Do They Mesh in California?

- Offsets required by federal Clean Air Act in non-attainment areas
- California Clean Air Act requires "no net increase in emissions"
- California requirements generally more stringent than federal requirements
- Local district rules consolidate State and federal requirements

Offset Statistics

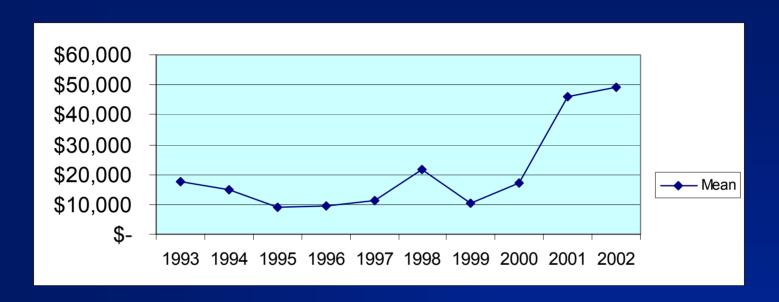
- ARB has collected cost data from California air districts since 1993
- Does not identify parties involved in trade
- * Latest report covered 2002
- * www.arb.ca.gov/erco/erco.htm
- Each air basin constitutes its own separate offset market

Statewide Offset Costs, NO_x



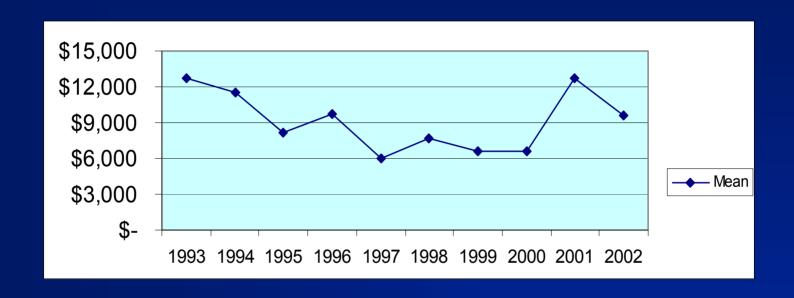
- Average NO_x price rising over past several years
- ❖ Average NO_x price in 2002: \$35,000/ton
- ❖ High price: \$140,000/ton
- ❖ Low price: \$990/ton

Statewide Offset Costs, PM₁₀



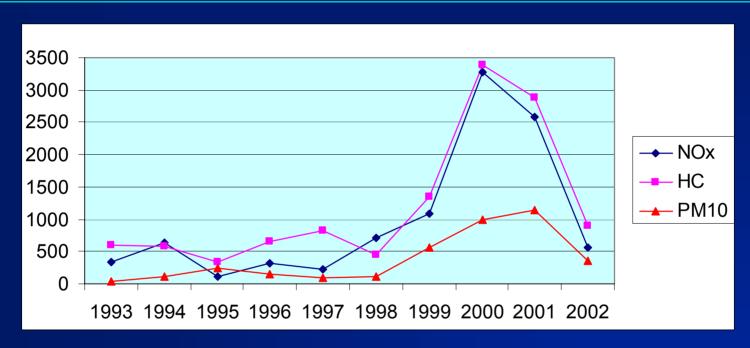
- Dramatic increase in average PM₁₀ price in 2001 Smaller rise in 2002
- ❖ Average PM10 price in 2002: \$49,000/ton
- High price: \$137,000/ton
- Low price: \$3,300/ton

Statewide Offset Costs, VOCs



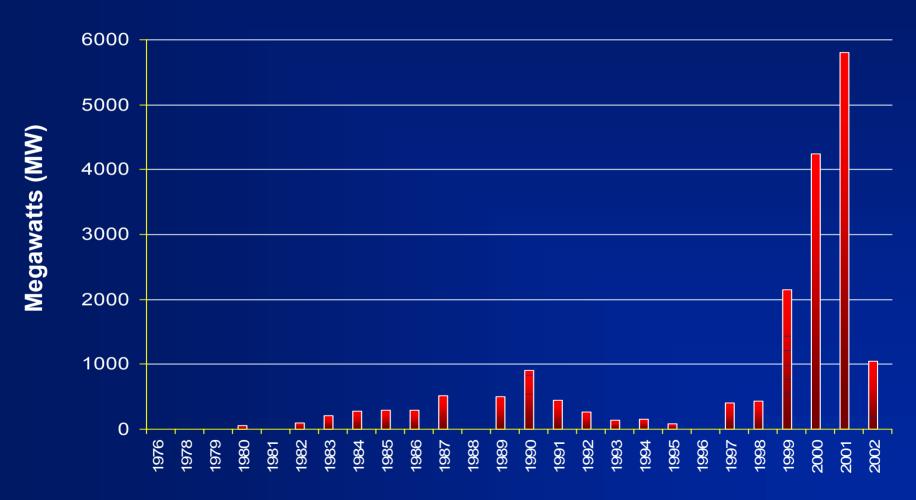
- Average VOC price in 2002 declining
- ❖ Average VOC price in 2002: \$9,600/ton
- High price: \$70,000/ton
- ❖ Low price: \$490/ton

Number of Tons Traded Statewide



- Number of tons traded increased greatly starting in 1999
- Volume dropped in 2002
- NO_x and VOC largest number of tons

Power Plant Projects Approved By Year (1976 to 2002)



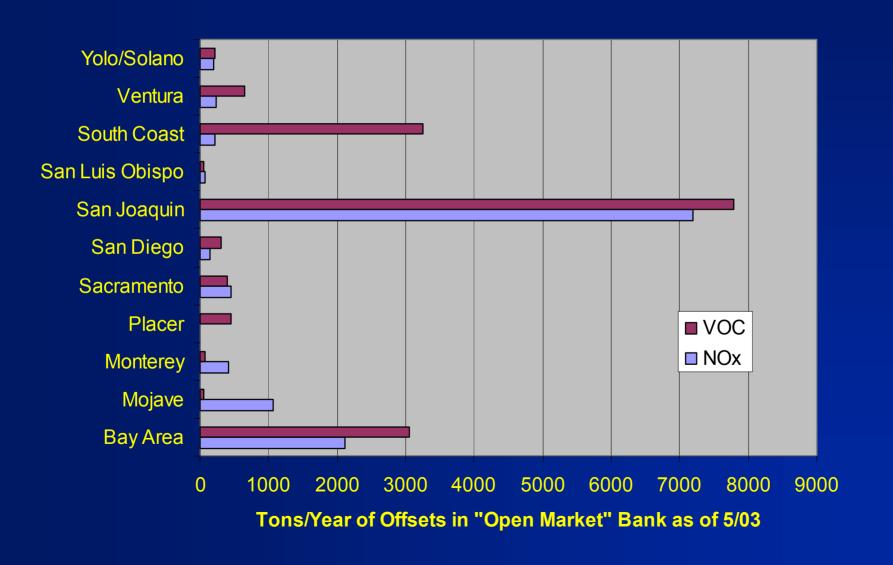
Types of Offsets Traded

- Types of offset transactions reported for 2002:
 - ♦98 percent from stationary sources
 - ◆About 2 percent from agricultural sources (e.g. cessation of rice burning)
 - ◆Less than one percent from mobile sources

Types of Offsets Banked

- Districts report offsets above certain size threshold to ARB before banking
- *** 1997 1999**
 - ♦75 to 80 percent shutdowns
 - **♦20 to 25 percent equipment modifications**
- *** 2000 2002**
 - ♦ 50 to 60 percent shutdowns
 - **◆10 to 25 percent modifications**
 - ◆30 40 percent reductions in agricultural burning in 2000 & 2001 - 4 percent in 2002
 - ◆7 to 13 percent road paving

Comparison of Offset Amounts in Various District Banks



Implications for Power Plant Construction

 Obtaining sufficient offsets may present challenges in some areas

Opportunities for innovation

FUTURE NSR CHANGES

Amendments to Federal New Source Review regulations

SB 288 - inserts previous federal NSR into California law

Clear Skies Initiative